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(54) **Screen jacket assembly connection and methods of using same**

(57) Apparatus and methods for movably securing a radially expandable sand-control screen jacket assembly (20) to a base pipe (12). The screen jacket assembly (20) is connected to the base pipe (12) with a longitudinally moveable, sand-controlling joint. In use, the joint slides maintain a sand-controlling seal after radial expansion of the sand-control screen jacket assembly (20).

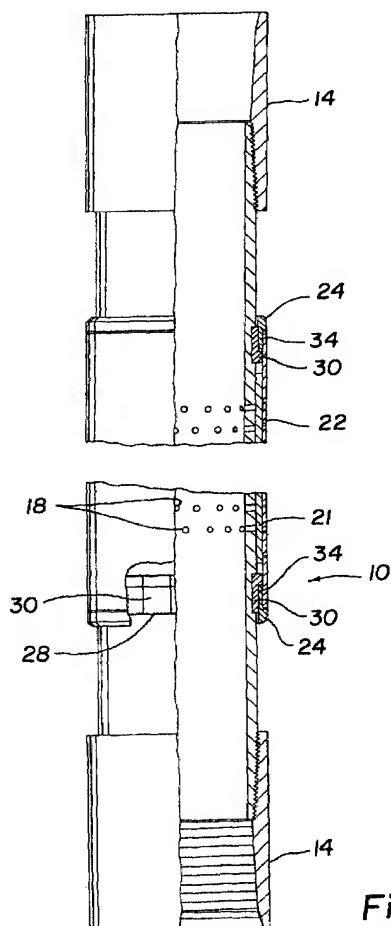


Fig. 1

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Description

[0001] The present invention relates to sand-control apparatus for use in subterranean wells, and in particular contemplate improved mechanical apparatus for attaching a sand-control screen jacket assembly to a base pipe and methods of using the same.

[0002] The control of the movement of sand and gravel into a well bore has been the subject of much importance in the oil production industry. The introduction of sand or gravel into the wellbore commonly occurs under certain well conditions. The introduction of these materials into the well commonly causes problems including plugging and erosion. There have therefore been numerous attempts to prevent the introduction of sand and gravel into the production stream.

[0003] A common method to prevent the introduction of sand and gravel into the production stream has been a procedure known as gravel packing. In general, this involves placing a selected sand or gravel into the annular space between the wellbore and a base pipe introduced into the wellbore for that purpose. The base pipe contains perforations designed to allow well fluids to flow into the base pipe while excluding other material. A sand-control screen is commonly used in conjunction with a base pipe. An appropriately sized screen is commonly formed into a jacket and wrapped around the outside of the base pipe to prevent the entry of sand. Exemplary apparatus and methods of connecting a sand-control screen jacket assembly to a base pipe are disclosed in United States patent Number 5,931,232.

[0004] One method of enhancing production in a well using a sand-control screen jacket assembly includes causing the radial expansion of the base pipe and surrounding screen jacket assembly by drawing a mechanical expansion tool through the base pipe. The radial expansion of the screen jacket assembly and base pipe is known to cause a related shrinkage in the length of both the base pipe and the screen jacket assembly. Since the base pipe is concentrically enclosed by the screen jacket assembly, the mechanical expander deployed in the base pipe necessarily causes greater expansion in the base pipe than in the surrounding screen jacket assembly. Correspondingly, the base pipe undergoes a greater contraction in length relative to the screen jacket assembly. This differential change in length causes problems such as cracking at the junction between the screen jacket assembly and the base pipe and can lead to the introduction of sand and gravel into the production stream.

[0005] Due to the aforementioned problems with the introduction of sand and gravel into the production stream, a need exists for apparatus and methods providing a robust mechanical sand-controlling, longitudinally moveable connection between a sand-control screen jacket assembly and a base pipe. Such a connection should withstand downhole production conditions including radial expansion and the related differential longitudinal contraction of the base pipe and sand-control screen jacket assembly.

ential longitudinal contraction of the base pipe and sand-control screen jacket assembly.

[0006] In general, the present invention provides apparatus and methods for connecting a sand-control screen jacket assembly to a base pipe while providing for longitudinal movement of the screen jacket assembly relative to the base pipe.

[0007] The apparatus employs a substantially tubular screen jacket assembly having a first ring affixed to at least one end. A second ring is affixed to the outer surface of the base pipe of the screen jacket assembly wherein the first and second rings have sand-controllingly overlapping portions defining a longitudinally movable joint. The joint has a stop integral with the overlapping portions of the first and second rings, which prevents the possibility of longitudinal separation of the screen shroud and base pipe.

[0008] According to one aspect of the invention the stop comprises a plurality of corresponding screws and slots in the respective overlapping portions of the first and second rings.

[0009] According to another aspect of the invention, the stop comprises correspondingly opposed surfaces of the respective overlapping portions of the first and second rings.

[0010] According to yet another aspect of the invention, the ring affixed to the base pipe is attached by a plurality of fasteners such as set screws.

[0011] According to still other aspects of the invention, the screen jacket assembly has one or more longitudinally deformable pleats or slots.

[0012] According to another aspect of the invention, the screen jacket assembly has one or more radially expandable pleats.

[0013] According to another aspect of the invention there is provided an apparatus for mechanically connecting a radially expandable sand-control screen jacket assembly to a base pipe, comprising: a screen jacket assembly having a substantially tubular screen shroud; a sand-controlling joint slidably connecting the screen shroud to the base pipe.

[0014] The screen shroud preferably comprises a screen.

[0015] In an embodiment, the screen shroud has radially expandable pleats.

[0016] In an embodiment, the screen shroud has longitudinally deformable pleats.

[0017] In an embodiment, the screen shroud has longitudinally deformable slots.

[0018] In an embodiment, the sand-controlling joint further comprises a first ring affixed to the screen shroud.

[0019] In an embodiment, the sand-controlling joint further comprises a second ring affixed to the base pipe.

[0020] In an embodiment, the first and second rings further comprise overlapping portions.

[0021] In an embodiment, the sand-controlling joint further comprises an elastomeric seal element between

the overlapping portions of the first and second rings.

[0022] In an embodiment, the sand-controlling joint is fluid-tight.

[0023] In an embodiment, the sand-controlling joint further comprises a stop operable to prevent the screen jacket assembly and base pipe from separating longitudinally.

[0024] In an embodiment, the stop comprises an extending portion of the first ring.

[0025] In an embodiment, the stop comprises an extending portion of the second ring.

[0026] In an embodiment, the stop comprises a plurality of set screws extending through a corresponding plurality of slots in the first and second rings.

[0027] According to another aspect of the invention there is provided an apparatus for mechanically connecting a radially expandable sand-control screen jacket assembly to a base pipe, comprising: a screen jacket assembly having a substantially tubular screen shroud; a first ring affixed to an end of the screen shroud; a second ring affixed to the outer surface of the base pipe wherein the first and second rings have overlapping portions defining a longitudinally slidable sand-control joint; and a stop operably preventing the longitudinal separation of the screen shroud and the base pipe.

[0028] In an embodiment, the stop comprises a plurality of screws extending through a plurality of corresponding slots in the respective overlapping portions of the first and second rings.

[0029] In an embodiment, the stop comprises overlapping portions of the first and second rings.

[0030] In an embodiment, the second ring is attached to the outer surface of the base pipe with a plurality of set screws.

[0031] In an embodiment, the screen shroud comprises a screen.

[0032] In an embodiment, the longitudinally slidable sand-control joint further comprises an elastomeric seal element.

[0033] According to another aspect of the invention there is provided an apparatus for mechanically connecting a radially expandable sand-control screen jacket assembly to a base pipe, comprising: a screen jacket assembly having one or more pleats to facilitate longitudinal deformation of the screen jacket assembly; and a sand-controlling means for affixing the screen jacket assembly to the base pipe.

[0034] In an embodiment, the screen jacket assembly further comprises at least one screen.

[0035] In an embodiment, the sand-controlling affixing means comprises one or more welds.

[0036] In an embodiment, the screen jacket assembly comprises a screen shroud and at least one screen, the screen shroud having at least one raised portion and having one or more longitudinally deformable screen shroud pleats; and at least one of the longitudinally deformable screen shroud pleats extends between at least one raised portion of at least one of the screens, where-

by flow space is maintained between the shroud raised portion and the screen.

[0037] According to another aspect of the invention there is provided an apparatus for mechanically connecting a radially expandable sand-control screen jacket assembly to a base pipe, comprising: a screen jacket assembly having one or more slots to facilitate longitudinal deformation of the screen jacket assembly; and a sand-controlling means for affixing the screen jacket assembly to the base pipe.

[0038] In an embodiment, the sand-controlling means for affixing the screen jacket assembly to the base pipe comprises one or more welds.

[0039] In an embodiment, the screen jacket assembly further comprises at least one screen.

[0040] In an embodiment, the screen jacket assembly further comprises at least one end portion having longitudinally deformable slots sand-controlling contacts the base pipe.

[0041] According to another aspect of the invention there is provided a method of sand-control in a subterranean well, comprising the steps of: placing a radially expandable screen jacket assembly connected to a base pipe with a longitudinally slidable sand-control joint into a well; and radially expanding the screen jacket assembly.

[0042] In an embodiment, the longitudinally slidable sand-control joint comprises one or more screen jacket assembly pleats to facilitate longitudinal deformation of the screen jacket assembly.

[0043] In an embodiment, the longitudinally slidable sand-control joint comprises one or more screen jacket assembly slots to facilitate longitudinal deformation of the screen jacket assembly.

[0044] Reference is now made to the accompanying drawings in which:

[0045] FIGURE 1 is a longitudinal cross-sectional view of an embodiment of a sand-control screen jacket assembly mechanically connected to a base pipe, in accordance with the invention;

[0046] FIGURE 2 is a close-up longitudinal cross-sectional view of another embodiment of a sand-control screen jacket assembly mechanically connected to a base pipe, in accordance with the invention;

[0047] FIGURE 3 is a close-up longitudinal cross-sectional view of another embodiment of a sand-control screen jacket assembly mechanically connected to a base pipe, in accordance with the invention;

[0048] FIGURE 4 is a close-up longitudinal cross-sectional view of another embodiment of a sand-control screen jacket assembly mechanically connected to a base pipe, in accordance with the invention;

[0049] FIGURE 5 is a close-up longitudinal cross-sectional view of another embodiment of a sand-control screen jacket assembly mechanically connected to a base pipe, in accordance with the invention;

[0050] FIGURE 6 is a close-up longitudinal cross-sectional view of another embodiment of a sand-control

screen jacket assembly mechanically connected to a base pipe, in accordance with the invention;

[0051] FIGURE 6A is a transverse cross-sectional view taken along line A-A of Figure 6;

[0052] FIGURE 6B is a transverse cross-sectional view taken along line B-B of Figure 6;

[0053] FIGURE 7 is a close-up longitudinal cross-sectional view of another embodiment of a sand-control screen jacket assembly connected to a base pipe, in accordance with the invention;

[0054] FIGURE 8 is a close-up longitudinal cross-sectional view of another embodiment of a sand-control screen jacket assembly connected to a base pipe, in accordance with the invention; and

[0055] FIGURE 9 is a close-up longitudinal cross-sectional view of another embodiment of a sand-control screen jacket assembly connected to a base pipe, in accordance with the invention.

[0056] The present invention will be described by reference to the drawings which show one or more examples of how the invention can be made and used. In these drawings, reference characters are used throughout the several views to indicate like or corresponding parts.

[0057] In the description which follows, like or corresponding parts are marked throughout the specification and drawings with the same reference numerals, respectively. The drawings are not necessarily to scale and the proportions of certain parts have been exaggerated to better illustrate details and features of the invention. In the following description, the terms "upper," "upward," "lower," "below," "downhole," "longitudinally" and the like, as used herein, shall mean in relation to the bottom, or furthest extent of, the surrounding wellbore even though the wellbore or portions of it may be deviated or horizontal. Correspondingly, the "transverse" or "radial" orientation shall mean the orientation perpendicular to the longitudinal orientation. "Longitudinally moveable", in particular, means movement with a longitudinal component, although a transverse component may be present as well. In the discussion which follows generally cylindrical well, pipe and tube components are assumed unless expressed otherwise. The term "sand-control" used herein means the exclusion of particles larger in cross section than a chosen size, whether sand, gravel, mineral, soil, organic matter, or a combination thereof.

[0058] Referring now to Figures 1 through 9 the general structure of a sand-control screen jacket assembly connection 10 utilizing the present inventive concepts is shown. It will be obvious to those skilled in the arts that the opposite end (not shown) of the screen jacket assembly 20 may be constructed in any conventional manner or in the same manner as the end described. A base pipe 12 is threadably connected to a collar 14 at either end. Each collar 14 is in turn connected to a pipe string (not shown) used in a subterranean well. The base pipe 12 has a plurality of perforations 18 through which fluids

in the well enter the interior of the base pipe 12. The number and configuration of the perforations 18 is not critical to the invention so long as a balance between fluid production and pipe integrity is maintained. A sand-control screen jacket assembly 20 concentrically surrounds the base pipe 12. The sand-control screen jacket assembly 20 has one or more concentric screens 21, with or without a layer of packed sand between concentric screen layers, and typically, a surrounding screen shroud 22. The exact configuration of the screen jacket assembly is not critical to the invention and may be varied by those skilled in the arts according to well conditions. For example, the number and mesh sizes of screen may be varied, or the shroud may be omitted entirely. The screen jacket assembly may be radially expandable. Some examples of variations in the configuration of the screen, shroud, and screen jacket assembly, are further discussed below.

[0059] The preferred embodiment of the invention shown with an unexpanded screen jacket assembly in Figure 2 has a substantially tubular screen shroud 22 with a first ring 24 affixed to one end, preferably by a weld 26. A second ring 28 is affixed to the outer surface of the base pipe 12, also preferably by a weld 26. In this embodiment, the second ring 28 is preferably made of a plurality of segments 30 (Figure 1) captured in a groove 32 provided for this purpose in the base pipe 12. The first and second rings 24, 28 have respective overlapping portions 25, 27. The corresponding overlapping portions 25, 27 define a longitudinally slidable joint 34 sufficiently close-fitting to exclude sand particles of a size to also be excluded by the screen 21, but not necessarily fluid tight. As the base pipe 12 and screen jacket assembly 20 are radially expanded with corresponding differential changes in length, the overlapping portions 25, 27 of the joint 34 slide longitudinally with respect to one another while maintaining their sand-controlling fit. An elastomeric seal element 33 may be inserted at slidable joint 34. The longitudinal separation of the screen jacket assembly 20 and the base pipe 12 is prevented by a stop 36, preferably an integral portion of the second ring 28.

[0060] Figure 3 depicts an example of another embodiment of an apparatus using the invention. The screen jacket assembly connection 10 in Figure 3 has a substantially tubular screen shroud 22 with a first ring 24 affixed to one end, preferably by a weld 26. The embodiment using the invention depicted in Figure 3 has a second ring 38 attached to the base pipe 12 with a weld 26. Additionally, the groove 32 of Figure 2 is omitted from the embodiment of Figure 3. An alternative configuration of the first ring 24 is also shown in Figure 3. The first and second rings 24, 38 have respective overlapping portions 25, 37. The corresponding overlapping portions 25, 37 define a longitudinally slidable joint 34 sufficiently close-fitting to exclude sand particles of a size to also be excluded by the screen 21, but not necessarily fluid tight. As the base pipe 12 and screen jacket

assembly 20 are radially expanded with corresponding differential changes in length, the overlapping portions 25, 37 of the joint 34 slide longitudinally with respect to one another while maintaining their sand-controlling fit. An elastomeric seal element 33 may be inserted at slidable joint 34. The longitudinal separation of the screen jacket assembly 20 and the base pipe 12 is prevented by a stop 36, preferably an integral portion of the second ring 38.

[0061] Figure 4 depicts an example of another embodiment of an apparatus using the invention. The embodiment shown in Figure 4 has a substantially tubular screen shroud 22 with a first ring 24 affixed to one end, preferably by a weld 26. A second ring 40 is attached to the base pipe 12 with a plurality of set screws 41. A longitudinally slidable joint 34 is defined by the inner surface 25 of the first ring 24 and the corresponding outer surface 13 of the base pipe 12. The longitudinally slidable joint 34 is sufficiently close-fitting to exclude sand particles of a size to also be excluded by the screen 21, but not necessarily fluid tight. As the base pipe 12 and screen jacket assembly 20 are radially expanded with corresponding differential changes in length, the overlapping portions 25, 13 of the joint 34 slide longitudinally with respect to one another while maintaining their sand-controlling fit. An elastomeric seal element 33 may be inserted at slidable joint 34. The longitudinal separation of the screen jacket assembly 20 and the base pipe 12 is prevented by the stop 36 defined by the transverse alignment of the first ring 24 and second ring 40.

[0062] An alternative embodiment using the invention is shown in Figure 5. A substantially tubular screen shroud 22 has a first ring 54 affixed to one end, preferably by a weld 26. Alternatively, the first ring 54 may be integral to shroud 22. A second ring 55 is affixed to the outer surface of the base pipe 13, also preferably by a weld 26. The first and second rings 54, 55 have respective overlapping portions 56, 57. The corresponding overlapping portions 56, 57 define a longitudinally slidable joint 34 sufficiently close-fitting to exclude sand particles of a size to also be excluded by the screen 21, but not necessarily fluid tight. As the base pipe 12 and screen jacket assembly 20 are radially expanded with corresponding differential changes in length, the overlapping portions 56, 57 of the joint 34 slide longitudinally with respect to one another while maintaining their sand-controlling fit. An elastomeric seal element 33 may be inserted at slidable joint 34. The longitudinal separation of the screen jacket assembly 20 and the base pipe 12 is prevented by stop assembly 36, preferably made from a plurality of corresponding screws 58 and slots 59 in the respective overlapping portions 56, 57 of the first and second rings 54, 55.

[0063] Figure 6 illustrates an alternative embodiment using the invention. The screen 21 has longitudinal pleats 61 to facilitate radial expansion. More extensive pleats or corrugations may also be provided for added surface area. As in the embodiments described with ref-

erence to Figure 1-5, the embodiment of Figure 6 may be used with screen jacket assemblies 20 made with various combinations of screen 21 layers and a screen shroud 60. The embodiment has an end connection assembly 63 with a first ring 64 welded to the base pipe 12. A second ring 65 has a captured portion 66 captured between an overlapping portion 67 of the first ring and the base pipe 12. The corresponding overlapping portions 66, 67 define a longitudinally slidable joint 34 sufficiently close-fitting to exclude sand particles of a size to also be excluded by the screen 62, but not necessarily fluid tight. As the base pipe 12 and screen jacket assembly 20 are radially expanded with corresponding differential changes in length, the overlapping portions 66, 67 of the joint 34 slide longitudinally with respect to one another while maintaining their sand-controlling fit. An elastomeric seal element 33 may be inserted at slidable joint 34. The second ring 65 has an integral transition portion 68 welded to the screen jacket assembly 20. As can best be seen in Figure 6A, taken in cross section along line A-A of Figure 6, the captured portion 66 of the second ring 65 is cylindrical in cross section where it meets the base pipe 12. Figure 6B, taken in cross-section along line B-B of Figure 6, illustrates that the transition portion 68 of the second ring is pleated or corrugated in cross-section where it is welded to the screen jacket assembly 20. A third ring 69 having a transition portion substantially similar to that of the second ring 65 may be welded to the opposite, preferably downhole, end of the screen jacket assembly 20 and the surface 13 of the base pipe 12. Alternatively, both ends of the screen jacket assembly may employ an end connection assembly 63.

[0064] It will be clear to those skilled in the art that the structure shown and described with reference to rings 65, 66 or 69 in Figure 6 can be adapted for the use of longitudinally pleated screens or shrouds in combination with any of the above-described embodiments shown and discussed with reference to Figures 1-5.

[0065] Figure 7 depicts yet another alternative embodiment of a screen shroud 70 using the invention. This embodiment incorporates longitudinally deformable slots 71 in the screen shroud 70. Of course, the embodiment shown and described may be used with a screen jacket assembly made with various combinations of screen and screen shroud layers. The shroud 70 is welded 26 at its end portions 72 to the base pipe 12. The inner surface 73 of the end portions 72 of the shroud 70 containing the transverse slots 71 is in flush contact with the outer surface 13 of the base pipe 12. The transverse slots 71 are designed to facilitate longitudinal movement of the shroud 70 relative to the base pipe 12 defining a longitudinally, deformably slidable joint 34 sufficiently close-fitting to exclude sand particles of a size to also be excluded by the screen 21, but not necessarily fluid tight. As the base pipe 12 and screen jacket assembly 20 are radially expanded with corresponding differential changes in length, the transverse slots

71 of the joint 34 deform longitudinally while maintaining their sand-controlling fit. An elastomeric seal element 33 may be inserted at slidable joint 34. As in the other embodiments described herein, a screen 21 is captured between the shroud 70 and the base pipe 12. Of course, the exact orientation and location of the slots is not critical to the invention so long as the slots are configured to incorporate the property of longitudinal movability, for example, helical slots may be used. Optionally, spacer rods 74 may be included between the screen 21 and base pipe 12 to facilitate fluid flow.

[0066] Figures 8 and 9 depict other alternative embodiments using the invention with a screen jacket assembly 20 having a screen shroud 80 concentrically surrounding one or more screens 21. The screen shroud 80 has one or more longitudinally deformable pleats 82. The exact orientation and location of the pleats 82 is not critical to the invention so long as the pleats are configured to incorporate the property of longitudinal deformability, for example, transverse pleats 82 or helical pleats may be used. The pleated screen shroud 80 shown is welded 26 to the base pipe at either end 84, capturing the screen 21) and allowing space 86 for sliding movement at the ends 84. The pleats 82 may be arranged on the shroud 80 overlapping the screen 21, as shown in Figure 9, such that the pleats 82 act as a spacer, maintaining fluid flow space 90 between the screen shroud 80 and screen 21.

[0067] Further referring to Figures 8-9, the pleats 82 are designed to facilitate longitudinal movement of the shroud 80 relative to the base pipe 12 defining a longitudinally, deformably slidable joint 34 sufficiently close-fitting to exclude sand particles of a size to also be excluded by the screen 21, but not necessarily fluid tight. As the base pipe 12 and screen jacket assembly 20 are radially expanded with corresponding differential changes in length, the pleats 82 of the shroud 80 deform longitudinally while maintaining their sand-controlling fit. As in the other embodiments described herein, a screen 21 is captured between the shroud 80 and the base pipe 12. Of course, the exact orientation and location of the pleats is not critical to the invention so long as the pleats are configured to incorporate the property of longitudinal deformability, for example, helical pleats may be used. Optionally, spacer rods 74 may be included between the screen 21 and base pipe 12 to facilitate fluid flow.

[0068] The embodiments shown and described above are only exemplary. Many details are often found in the art such as: screen mesh size, configurations and materials, the use of longitudinal rods or other spacers between a screen and another surface, or the use of a packed sand layer between screen layers. Therefore, many such details are neither shown nor described. Thus, it will be appreciated that the invention described above may be modified.

Claims

1. An apparatus for mechanically connecting a radially expandable sand-control screen jacket assembly to a base pipe, comprising: a screen jacket assembly having a substantially tubular screen shroud; a sand-controlling joint slidably connecting the screen shroud to the base pipe.
2. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the screen shroud comprises a screen.
3. An apparatus for mechanically connecting a radially expandable sand-control screen jacket assembly to a base pipe, comprising: a screen jacket assembly having a substantially tubular screen shroud; a first ring affixed to an end of the screen shroud; a second ring affixed to the outer surface of the base pipe wherein the first and second rings have overlapping portions defining a longitudinally slidable sand-control joint; and a stop operably preventing the longitudinal separation of the screen shroud and the base pipe.
4. An apparatus according to claim 3, wherein the stop comprises a plurality of screws extending through a plurality of corresponding slots in the respective overlapping portions of the first and second rings.
5. An apparatus for mechanically connecting a radially expandable sand-control screen jacket assembly to a base pipe, comprising: a screen jacket assembly having one or more pleats to facilitate longitudinal deformation of the screen jacket assembly; and a sand-controlling means for affixing the screen jacket assembly to the base pipe.
6. An apparatus according to claim 5, wherein the screen jacket assembly further comprises at least one screen.
7. An apparatus for mechanically connecting a radially expandable sand-control screen jacket assembly to a base pipe, comprising: a screen jacket assembly having one or more slots to facilitate longitudinal deformation of the screen jacket assembly; and a sand-controlling means for affixing the screen jacket assembly to the base pipe.
8. An apparatus according to claim 7, wherein the sand-controlling means for affixing the screen jacket assembly to the base pipe comprises one or more welds.
9. A method of sand-control in a subterranean well, comprising the steps of: placing a radially expandable screen jacket assembly connected to a base pipe with a longitudinally slidable sand-control joint

into a well; and radially expanding the screen jacket assembly.

10. A method according to claim 9, wherein the longitudinally slidable sand-control joint comprises one or more screen jacket assembly pleats to facilitate longitudinal deformation of the screen jacket assembly.

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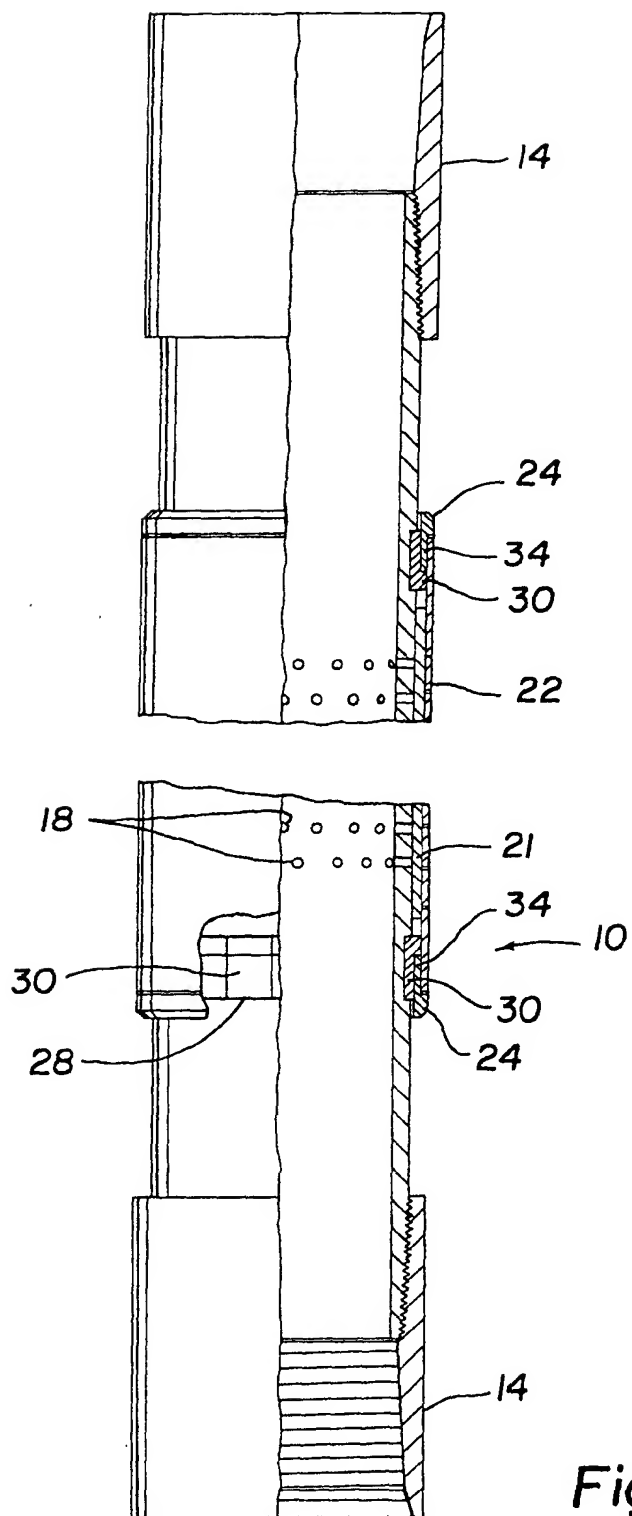
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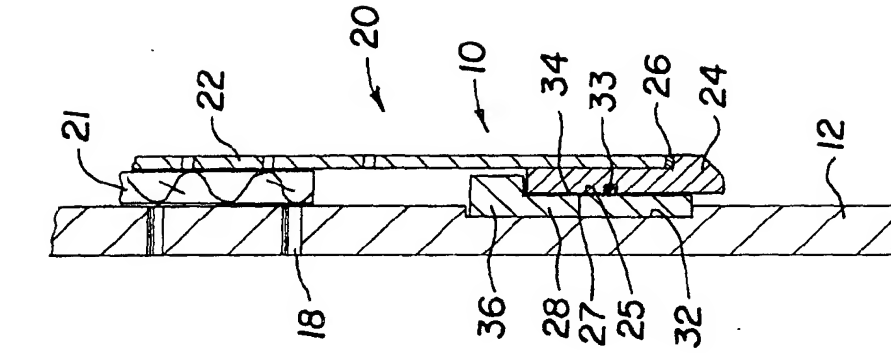


Fig. 2

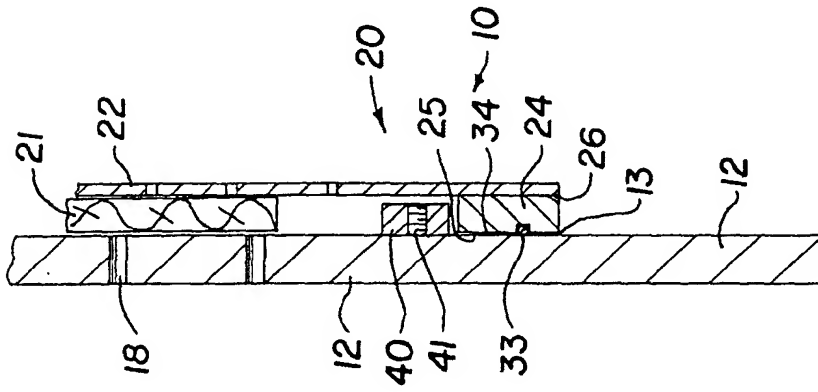


Fig. 4

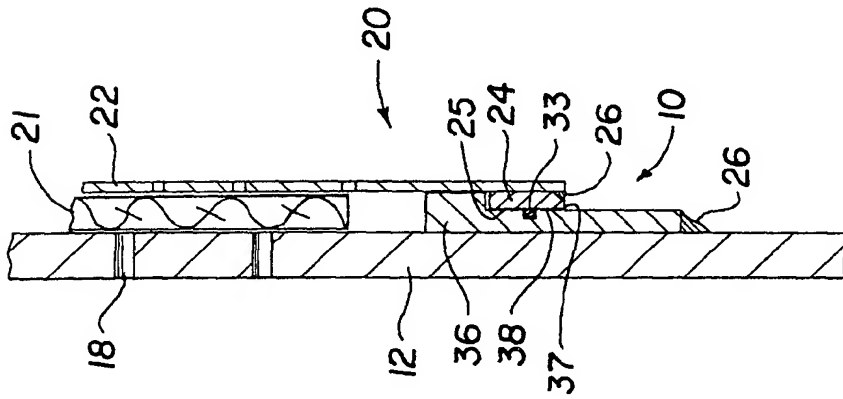


Fig. 3

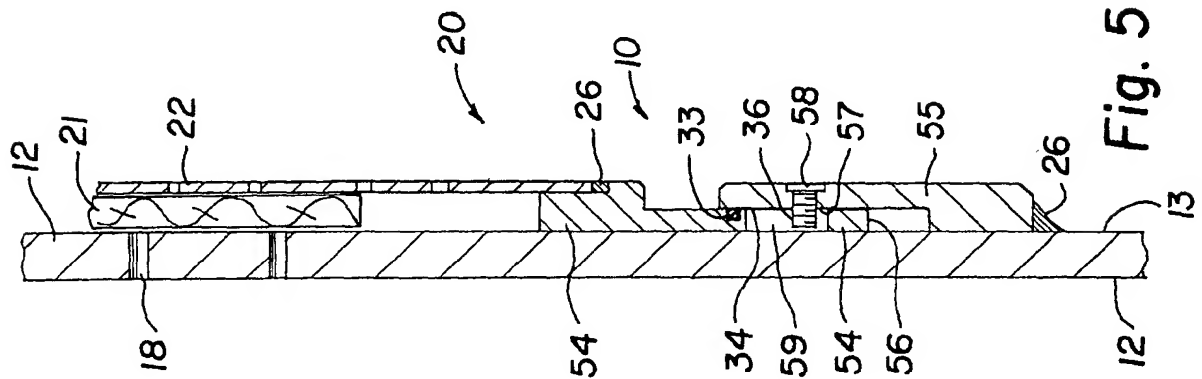


Fig. 5

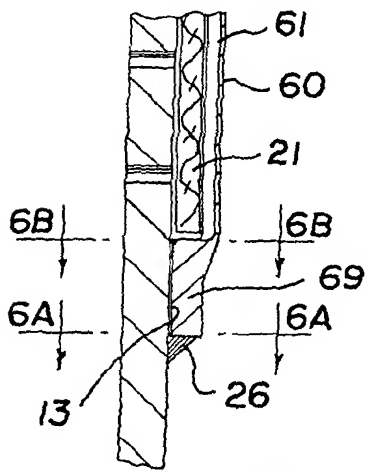
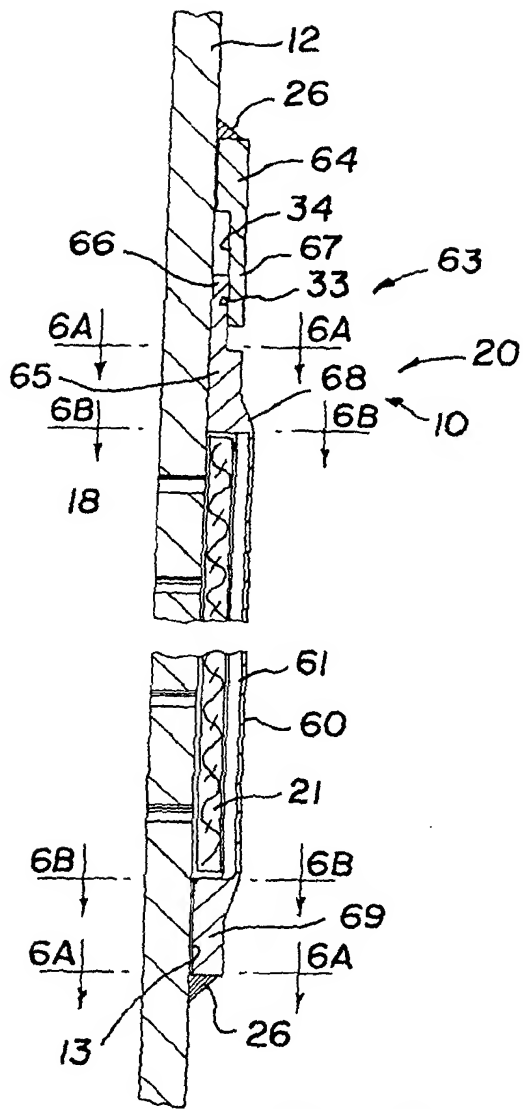


Fig. 6

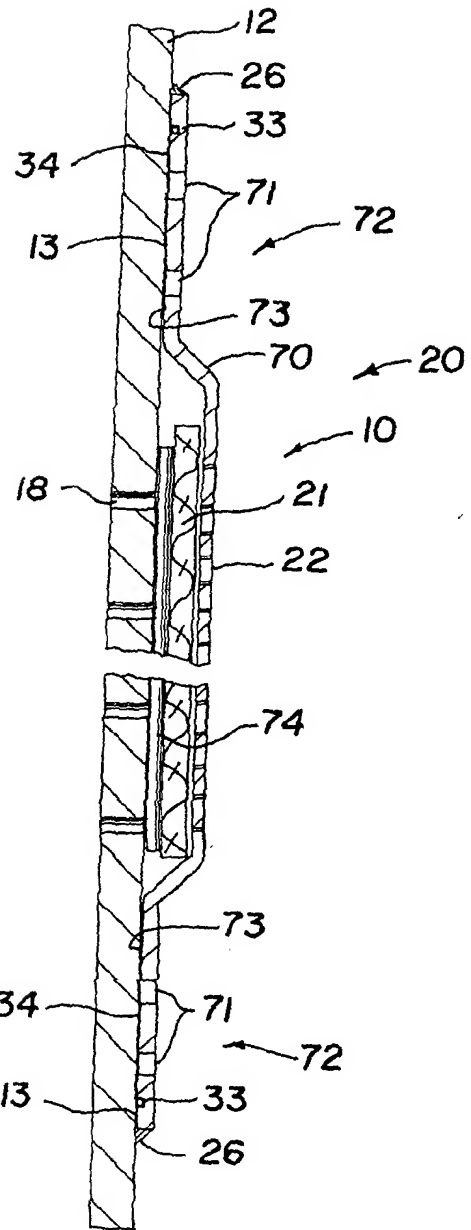


Fig. 7

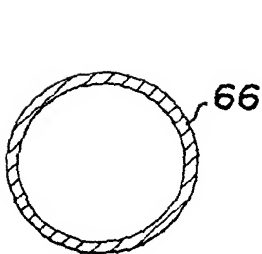


Fig. 6A

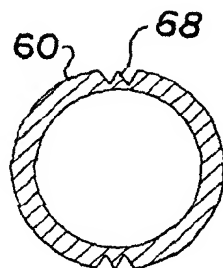


Fig. 6B

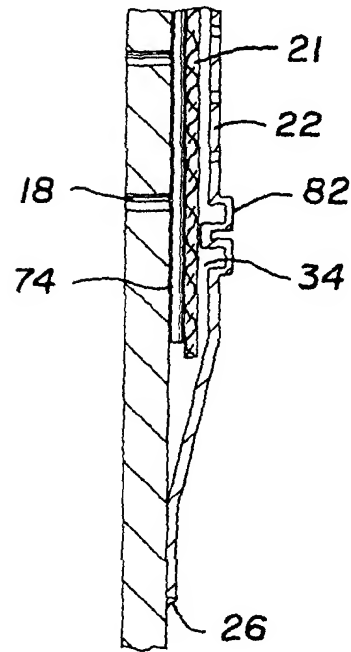
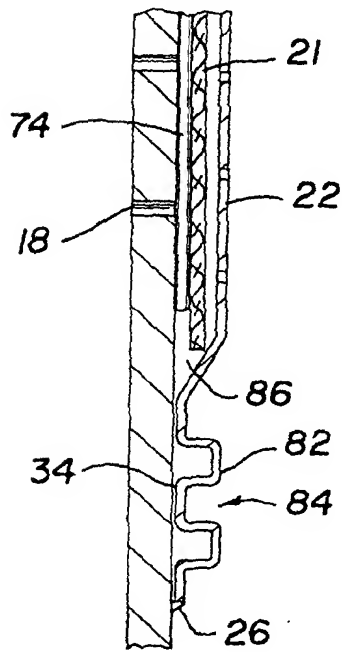
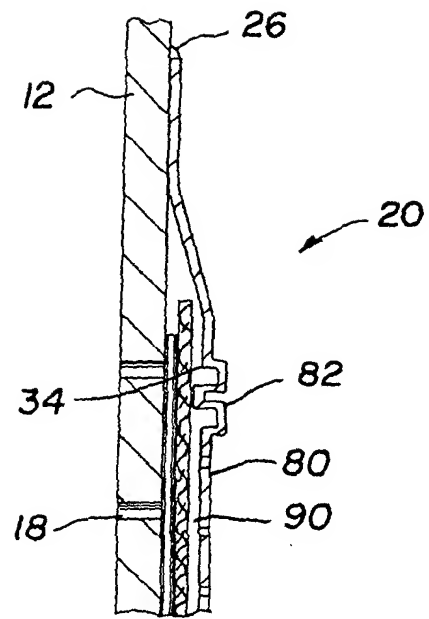
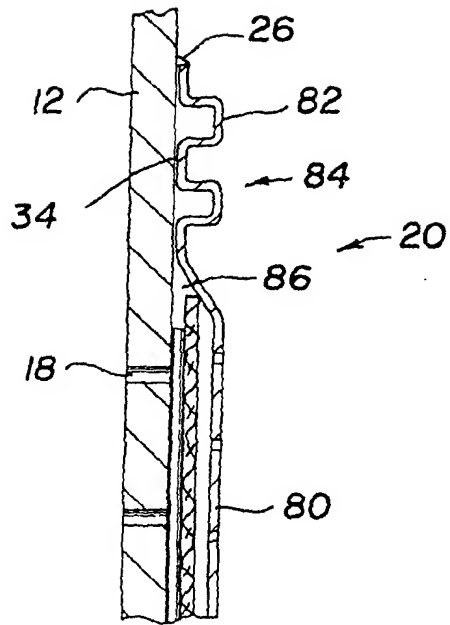


Fig. 8

Fig. 9



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(54) **Screen jacket assembly connection and methods of using same**

(57) Apparatus and methods for movably securing a radially expandable sand-control screen jacket assembly (20) to a base pipe (12). The screen jacket assembly (20) is connected to the base pipe (12) with a longitudinally moveable, sand-controlling joint. In use, the joint slides maintain a sand-controlling seal after radial expansion of the sand-control screen jacket assembly (20).

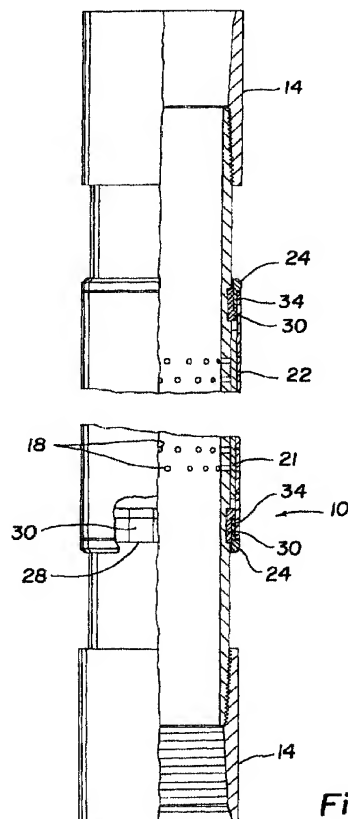


Fig. 1

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European Patent
Office

EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number
EP 01 30 5374

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.Cl.7)
4 A	US 5 611 399 A (RICHARD BENNETT M ET AL) 18 March 1997 (1997-03-18) * column 4, line 25 - line 28; figure 8 * -----	1	E21B43/08 E21B43/10
			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.7)
			E21B
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search MUNICH		Date of completion of the search 23 August 2002	Examiner Ott, S
<p>CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS</p> <p>X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document</p> <p>T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document</p>			

EPO FORM 1503 03/82 (P04001)

**ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT
ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.**

EP 01 30 5374

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on
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23-08-2002

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
US 5611399	A	18-03-1997	NONE

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For more details about this annex : see Official Journal of the European Patent Office, No. 12/82